



City of San Leandro

Bicycle & Pedestrian Master Plan

2018 Update

Prepared for:

City of San Leandro



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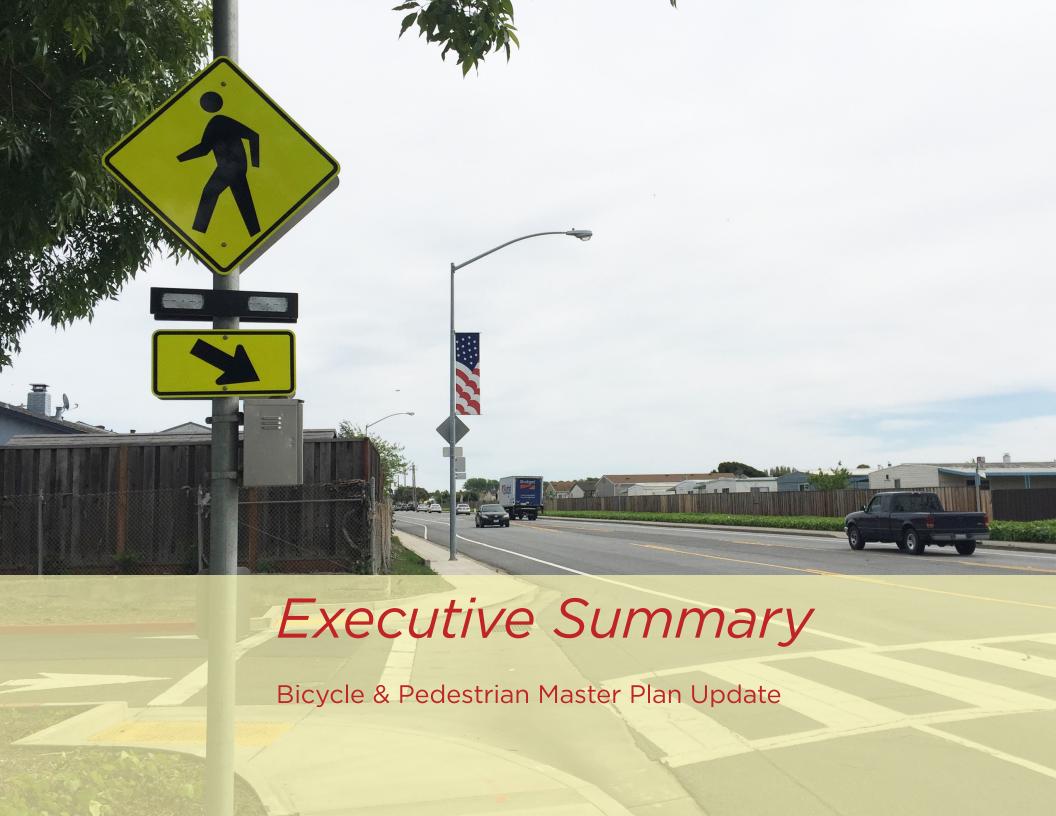
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Executive Summary

Bicycling and walking are low-cost, quiet, environmentally friendly, and healthy forms of transportation; ideal for many trips. In 1997, the City of San Leandro adopted a Bicycle Master Plan to set forth a blueprint for completing a system of bikeways, support facilities (such as bicycle parking) and education programs. This document was updated in 2004 and again in 2010 to reflect changes in the bicycling environment and to add a pedestrian component.

This document comprises the 2018 update to the Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan. This Plan supports San Leandro's General Plan, 2035 General Plan, to guide the development of facilities to enhance bicycling and walking as a safe enjoyable, efficient, and practical transportation choice for San Leandro residents. Specifically, the City's vision is for:

A city where walking and bicycling are fully integrated into daily life, providing environmentally-friendly transportation alternatives that are both safe and convenient for people of all ages and abilities.

San Leandro has many qualities favorable to bicycle riding and walking, including a temperate climate, flat terrain, and scenic recreational resources along the Bay and hills. Based upon field review and input from City staff, the public, and the Bicycle and Pedestrian Advisory Committee (BPAC), this update identified several issues that currently deter walking and bicycling in San Leandro. These include:

- Traffic: High traffic volumes, speeds and significant truck traffic on arterials and collector streets and high speeds and cut-through traffic on neighborhood streets are not conducive to a comfortable bicycling environment.
- Roadway Width: Limited available roadway width, especially on arterials and larger streets, can make it challenging to create spaces that provide separation for individual modes.



A group ride rolling out during 2017's Bike San Leandro.

- Barriers: Barriers limit the number of comfortable streets that pedestrians and bicyclists can use to cross. Barriers in San Leandro include: railroad corridors and freeways that limit roadway network connectivity and present difficult conditions at crossings. Major roadway crossings at unsignalized intersections can also be barriers for bicyclists.
- Sidewalk and Pavement Conditions: Bicyclists are challenged by poor roadway and pavement conditions. Broken or missing sidewalks and intersections without pedestrian curb ramps can also limit pedestrian accessibility. Vehicles parked on rolled curbs can also limit accessibility and access and can be a barrier.
- Turn Lanes: The presence of right turn lanes, especially free right turn lanes, intrude on the bike facilities when present. Free right turn lanes also make crossings more difficult for pedestrians. Similarly, left turns can be especially difficult for bicyclists to navigate as they typically have to cross multiple lanes of vehicular traffic.



- Providing Facilities for All Types of Bicyclists: Currently, most bikeways in San Leandro are not comfortable or inviting facilities for all types of bicycle riders as they provide minimal or no separation from vehicles.
- Connectivity to Destinations and Surrounding Facilities: Some bicycle and pedestrian facilities do not connect to adjacent facilities and developments, limiting and discouraging access by active modes.
- Lighting: Certain areas in San Leandro lack sufficient levels of lighting at night, which can cause both safety (visibility) and security issues for all road users.
- Pedestrian Crossings: Pedestrian crossings, especially at mid-block and uncontrolled intersections, can be difficult for pedestrians to navigate without crossing enhancements increasing their visibility. Broken and missing curb ramps and unmarked crosswalks can also be barriers for pedestrians. Marked crossings can also serve bicyclists who wish to make left turns without merging into traffic.
- Bicycle Parking: Limited secure short and long term bicycle parking throughout the city and at major destinations discourages bicycle trips as riders need to feel comfortable parking their bicycles.

Bicycles

Existing bicycle facilities in San Leandro include shared-use paths (Class I), on-street striped bike lanes and buffered bike lanes (Class II) and on-street signed bike routes (Class III). This plan also recommends bicycle boulevards, an enhanced version of a bicycle route (Class III) and separated bikeways (Class IV). These facilities are described in more detail in Chapter 3.

The City has approximately 43.4 miles of existing bikeway facilities consisting of:

- 5.2 miles of Class I shared-use paths
- 23.2 miles of Class II bike lanes

Table 1 - Existing & Proposed Bikeway Length by Class

Length (miles) of System by Bikeway Classification				
Bikeway Classification	Existing	Proposed**	Total**	
Class I	5.20	6.15	11.35	
Class II	23.20	3.65	26.85	
Class II Buffer	1.30	4.30	5.60	
Class III	13.70	4.64	18.30	
Class III Bicycle Boulevard	0	14.31	14.31	
Class IV	0	8.10	8.10	
Study Corridor*	-	14.60	-	
Total	43.4	41.2	84.6	

^{*} Not included in total. Study Corridors are streets that require additional study (parking occupancy, traffic, intersection, etc.) and public input before bikeway decisions can be made.

- 1.3 miles of Class II buffered bike lanes
- 13.7 miles of Class III bike routes

Improvements identified to meet these needs were organized into bikeway network improvements, spot improvements and bicycle parking improvements. In total, an additional 37.3 miles of bikeways are proposed, which would almost double the current total. Table 1 shows a breakdown of these proposed facilities. The Plan also identifies 41 spot improvements that include enhancements to existing facilities to better define the bikeway network, increase its accessibility, and improve its safety. Recommendations

^{**} Totals include the lengths of existing bikeways proposed to be upgraded.



for a bike share program and locations for additional short and long-term parking have also been developed.

Bicycle-related policy changes related to educational programs, enforcement, maintenance, and other areas are provided in Chapter 5 of the Plan.

Pedestrians

San Leandro has nearly 200 miles of roadway, which corresponds to a widespread adjacent pedestrian network. The state of the pedestrian network varies greatly throughout the city. Much of the city is a very walkable and pedestrian friendly environment, composed of small blocks, complete sidewalks, street trees and accessibility features. However, there are areas of the city that are missing sidewalks, street trees, or accessibility features. Additionally, barriers such as railroad crossings, wide intersections, and free right turn lanes, limit the connectivity of the pedestrian network.

This Plan evaluates and presents the existing pedestrian network and future improvement strategies at three levels: Citywide, Pedestrian Improvement Areas, and Pedestrian Key Locations.

Citywide Improvements include:

- ADA Transition Plan
- Sidewalk surface assessment and repair
- Curb ramp upgrades to meet ADA standards
- Signal upgrades to meet Accessible Pedestrian Signal Guidelines
- Updated push buttons on pedestrian activated signals
- Implement, maintain and enforce parking restrictions at intersections and crosswalks (daylighting)
- Implement streetscape enhancements
- Utilizing the new Crosswalk Improvement and Scoring Policy

- Studying the removal of free right turn lanes, also known as slip lanes
- Improving access to transit

Eleven **Pedestrian Improvements Areas** are presented in the Plan. These areas were chosen for their proximity to important destinations, need for connectivity improvements, or potential for future development. Seven of these areas were previously identified in the 2004 Plan and four are new to this update. They include:

- 1. San Leandro Marina
- 2. Westgate Center
- 3. Kaiser Development Area/The Spine
- 4. Manor Boulevard
- 5. Washington Avenue
- 6. Downtown San Leandro BART Station
- 7. East 14th Street Corridor
- 8. Bancroft Avenue / Dutton Avenue
- 9. Bay Fair BART Station
- 10. MacArthur Boulevard
- 11. Estudillo Avenue I-580 Underpass to Anthony Chabot Park
- 12. Hesperian Boulevard

Key Pedestrian Locations identify improvements at specific locations. These areas require further analysis to determine specific design solutions. Twentynine locations were identified, including the following:

- 1. Garfield Elementary School
- 2. Davis Street/I-880
- 3. Cherry Grove Park



- 4. Woodrow Wilson Elementary School/ John Muir Middle School
- 5. Wicks Boulevard at the Marina Community Center
- 6. Bonaire Park
- 7. Pacific Community Recreation Complex
- 8. Washington Elementary School
- 9. Corvallis Elementary School
- 10. Floresta Boulevard/Monterey Boulevard/Monroe Elementary School
- 11. San Leandro Boulevard/Washington Avenue Intersection
- 12. McKinley Elementary School
- 13. Bancroft Middle School
- 14. East 14th Street/San Leandro Boulevard Intersection
- 15. San Leandro High: 136th Avenue/Bancroft Avenue
- 16. Washington Avenue/Lewelling Boulevard and Lewelling Boulevard/ Tropic Court intersections
- 17. Grand Avenue/Joaquin Avenue intersection
- 18. Jefferson Elementary School
- 19. 150th Avenue/Hesperian Boulevard/Bancroft Avenue/East 14th Street intersection
- 20. Hesperian Boulevard/Lewelling Boulevard intersection
- 21. San Leandro Boulevard/Park Street/Best Avenue intersection
- 22. Freeway Interchanges for I-238, I-580, and I-880
- 23. Merced Street/Wicks Boulevard intersection
- 24. Alvarado Street/Fremont Avenue intersection
- 25. I-238/Hesperian Boulevard underpass
- 26. Davis Street/Doolittle Drive intersection

- 27. Railroad Crossings
- 28. Dutton Avenue/Chetland Road
- 29. Bancroft Avenue/Oakes Boulevard

IMPLEMENTATION

The implementation plan for bicycle and pedestrian improvements prioritizes the projects using several criteria and identifies potential funding sources. Bicycle and pedestrian projects were rated independently and assigned to an appropriate implementation phase based on their performance in the evaluation process. Cost estimates or ranges were identified for all projects.

The highest rated bicycle and pedestrian improvements are also identified. These projects may be implemented in the short-term based on implementation status and available funding. These projects, listed in Table 2 on pages 6 and 7, should be considered for funding in the City's future capital budgets and are eligible for Measure B, Measure BB, and competitive grant funding.



A busy crossing in Downtown San Leandro across from the BART station.



Figure 1: Recommended Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects

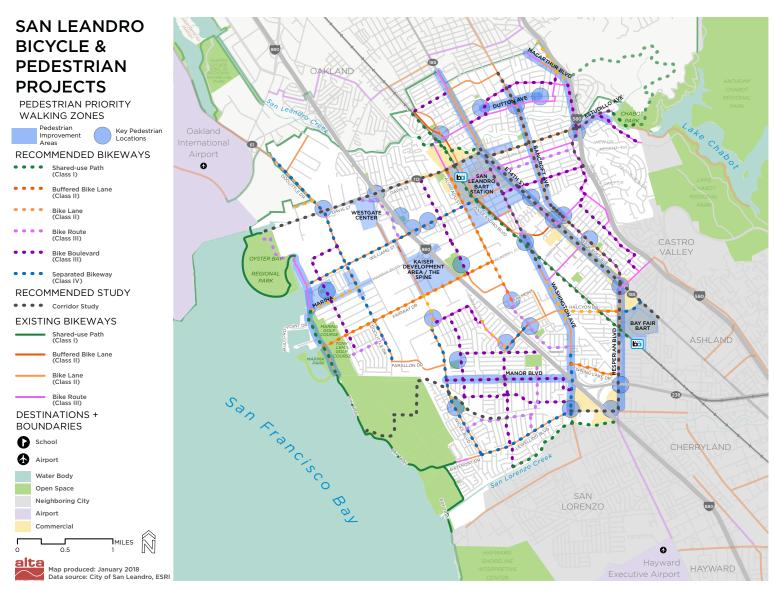




Table 2 - High Priority Bicycle & Pedestrian Projects

		Measure B & Measure BB Pass-Through Funding	
Project Type	Bikeway Class/Ped ID	Description/Location	Conceptual Cost Estimates
	Class III Boulevard	Farnsworth Street (Vining Drive - Purdue Street)	\$91,411
	Class II	East 14th Street (Chumalia Street - Estudillo Avenue)	\$11,156
Picyclo	Class II Buffered	Fairway Drive (Monarch Bay Drive - Alvarado Street)	\$356,748
-	Class IV	Lewelling Boulevard (Wicks Boulevard - Washington Avenue)	\$626,702
	Class II	Bancroft Avenue (142nd Avenue - 138th Avenue; 136th Avenue - 200 ft S. of Blossom Way; East 14th Street - 136th Avenue)	\$62,676
C14 C16 Pedestrian C4	B 7B	Improve Crosswalks at Unsignalized Intersections along East 14th Street	\$250,000
	C14	East 14th Street/ San Leandro Boulevard	\$200,000
	C16	Washington Avenue/ Lewelling Boulevard & Lewelling Boulevard/ Tropic Court	\$500,000
	C4	Woodrow Wilson Elementary/ John Muir Middle School	\$120,000
	C12	McKinley Elementary	\$50,000
	C9	Corvallis Elementary School	\$50,000
	B 4B	More Crosswalks on Manor Boulevard	\$25,000
		Competitive Funding	
Project Type	Bikeway Class/Ped ID	Description/Location	Conceptual Cost Estimates
	Class IV	Williams Street (San Leandro Boulevard - Neptune Drive)	\$1,200,000
Bicycle	Class I	East Bay Greenway (Thornally Drive-W Broadmoor Boulevard)	\$3,715,460
	Class II Buffered	Alvarado Street (Fremont Avenue - Davis Street)	\$122,237
	Class III Boulevard	Aurora Drive (Polvorosa Avenue - Bermuda Avenue)	\$104,637
	Class III Boulevard	Fargo Avenue (Farnsworth Street -Washington Avenue)	\$51,923
	Class III Boulevard	Manor Boulevard (Wicks Boulevard - Washington Avenue)	\$107,355



Competitive Funding				
Project Type	Bikeway Class/Ped ID	Description/Location	Conceptual Cost Estimates	
Class	Class III Boulevard	Oakes Boulevard (East 14th Street - MacArthur Boulevard)	\$95,274	
Bicycle	Class IV	Washington Avenue (Lloyd Avenue - San Lorenzo Creek)	\$430,838	
	B 6D	Implement the Streetscape Improvements Recommended in the East 14th Street South Area Development Strategy	\$4,000,000	
	B 4C	Washington Avenue Streetscape Improvements	\$1,000,000	
	B 4D	Washington Avenue/Halcyon & Lewelling Boulevard crosswalks	\$160,000	
	B 4G	Improve Pedestrian Facilities and Accessibility on Manor Boulevard	\$30,000	
	B 4H	Improve Pedestrian Crossings at Farnsworth Street and Manor Boulevard	\$20,000	
	C10	Floresta Boulevard/Monterey Boulevard/Monroe Elementary	\$40,000	
	C13	Bancroft Middle	\$200,000	
Pedestrian	C15	136th Avenue/ Bancroft Avenue	\$100,000	
Pedestrian	C29	Bancroft Avenue/Oakes Boulevard	\$80,000	
	C7	Pacific Community Recreation Complex	\$100,000	
	C8	Washington Elementary School	\$40,000	
	B 11A	Hesperian Boulevard	\$1,000,000	
	B 1C	Sidewalks and Curb Ramps in the Marina	\$100,000	
	C1	Garfield Elementary	\$70,000	
	C18	Jefferson Elementary	\$50,000	
	C3	Cherry Grove Park	\$100,000	
	C6	Bonaire Park	\$60,000	